

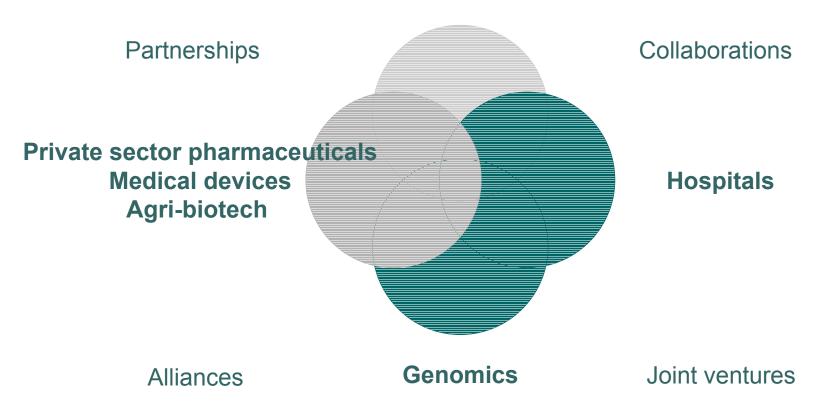
Some Perspectives on IT and Biotech Labour Markets in Ontario and Toronto

November 2004
Ontario Labour Market Information Service
Human Resources and Skills Development





University/Academics



• • IT Industry Structure

Manufacturing

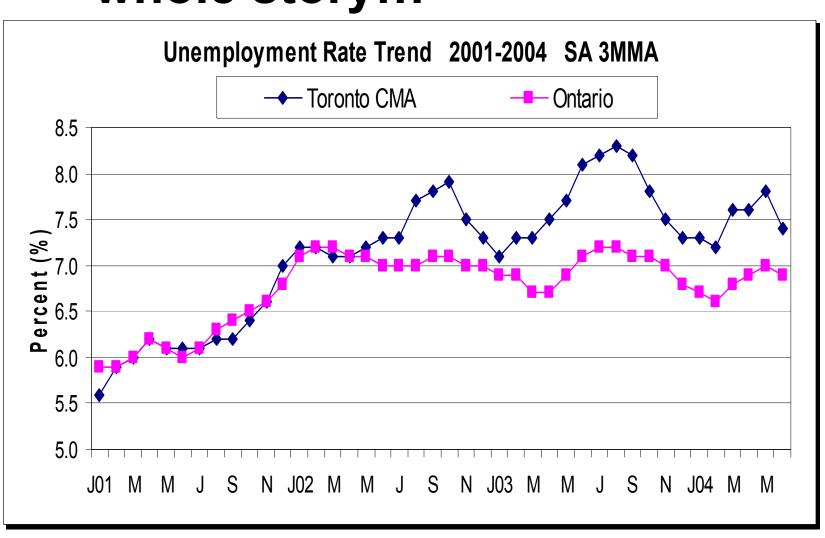


Wholesalers

IT and Biotech Relative to the Overall Ontario and Toronto Labour Markets

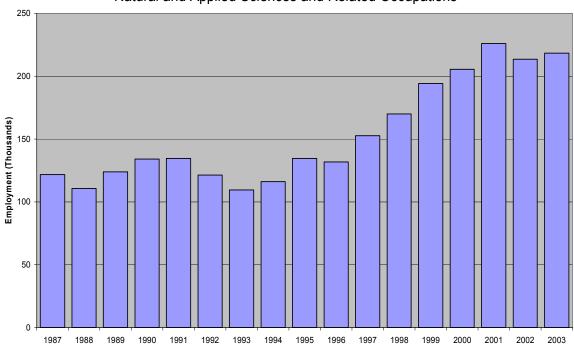
Overall Employment (2001 Census)	Ontario	Toronto	%
	5,713,900	2,413,100	44.2%
Biotech (Stat Can) est.	3,346	30,000?	?
IT (Stat Can) est.	263,620	147,615	55.9%

Overall labour market trends are important but not the whole story...



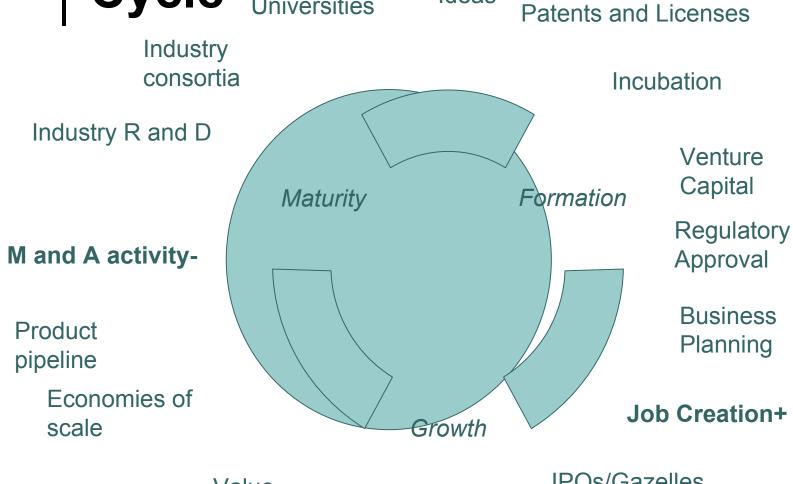
Trend in Natural and Applied Science Employment

Toronto Area Employed Labour Force (1987 to 2003) Natural and Applied Sciences and Related Occupations



Source: Labour Force Survey, Statistics Canada.

Jobs and the Innovation Life Cycle Universities Ideas Patents and Licenses



Valueadded

Graduate recruitment IPOs/Gazelles

The Growth of Small Firms Generates a Wide Variety of Jobs

- Core SME employment usually research, discovery and preclinical staff, some process/product development, a small quality control and assurance group and core finance administration and information systems
- With growth additional scientific and bioinformatic staff are added, additional financial/admin and quality control staff plus a group for clinical /regulatory affairs research
- The next phase of growth usually sees a full department for clinical trials and business development/marketing and sales
- Merger and takeover activity can however reduce employment, particularly in support roles

Source: Feena D. Hanes

New England Board of Higher Education

Cambridge Massachusetts

IT and Biotech Sectors

 When looking at Human Resources there are advantages to looking at Occupation rather than Industry, particularly when the occupation transcends several sectors



	Employment	% of Total Employment
Other federal services	765	18.4%
Scientific research and development services	585	14.0%
Hospitals	470	11.3%
Provincial public service	455	10.9%
Universities	395	9.5%
Management consulting	250	6.0%
Pharma and medical manufacturing	150	3.6%

• • Chemists-Ontario

	Employment	% of Total Employment
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	1215	18.2%
Scientific research and development services	790	11.8%
Other federal services	625	9.4%
Universities	470	7.0%
Architectural engineering	350	5.2%
Pharmaceuticals toiletries	285	4.3%
Hospitals	235	3.5%

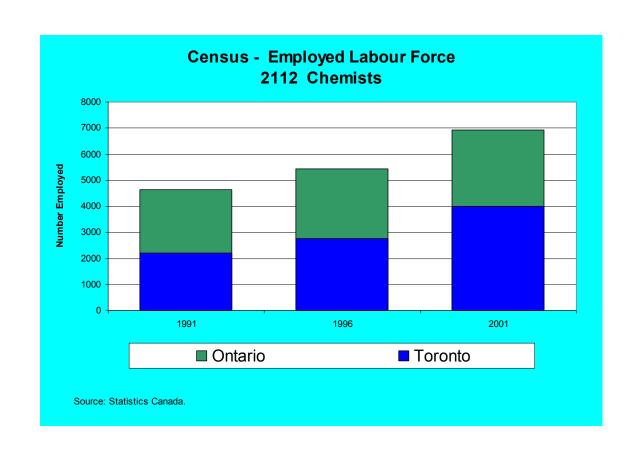


•	Employment	% of Total Employment
Computer Systems design	5200	34.6%
Scientific research and development services	1625	10.8%
Communications equip	1240	8.2%
Software publishers	1105	7.3%
Semiconductor equipment	815	5.4%
Computer wholesalers	795	5.3%
Telecommunications	715	4.8%
Instrumentation mfg	330	2.2%
Architectural engineering services	325	2.2%
Computer and peripheral manufacturing	325	2.2%

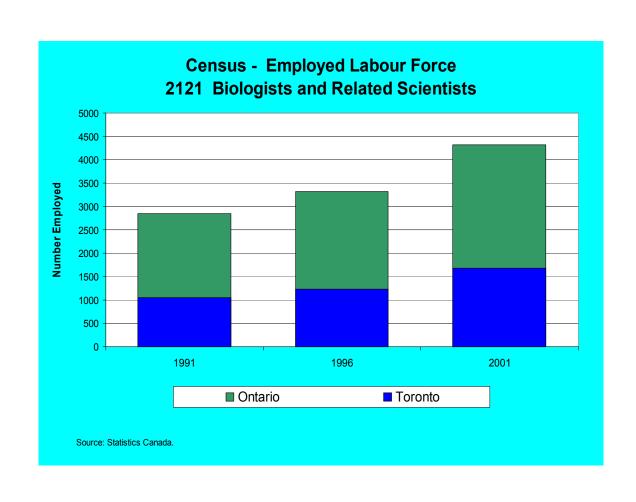


	Employment	% of Total Employment
Computer systems design	19620	36.9%
Banks	3645	6.9%
Management consulting	2890	5.4%
Other federal services	2525	4.7%
Computer wholesalers	2125	4.1%
Insurance Carriers	1520	2.9%
Telecommunications	1455	2.7%
Provincial government	1075	2.0%
Software publishers	885	1.7%

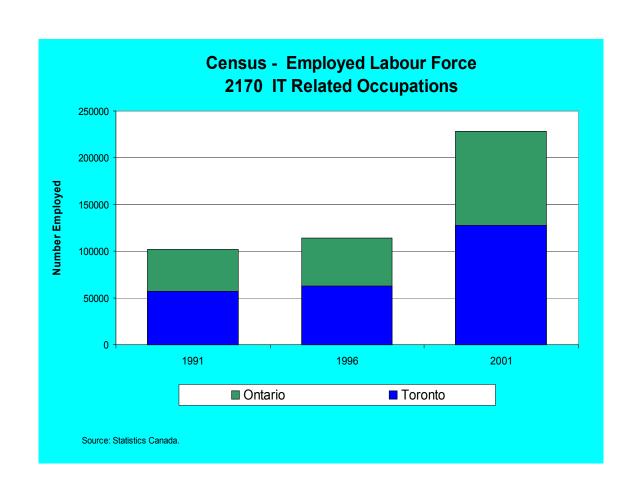
• • Trends in Census Data



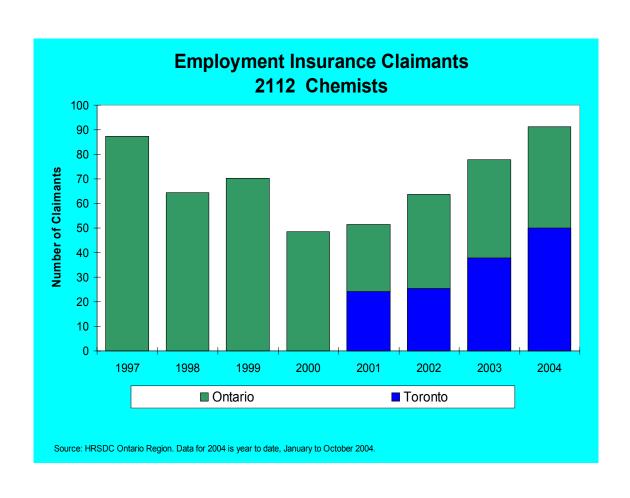
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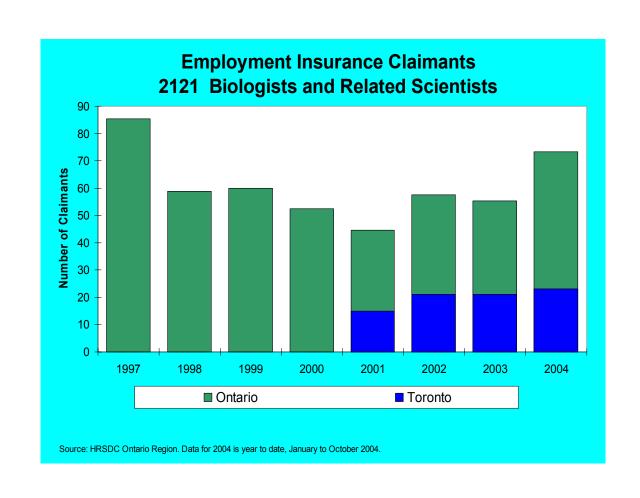
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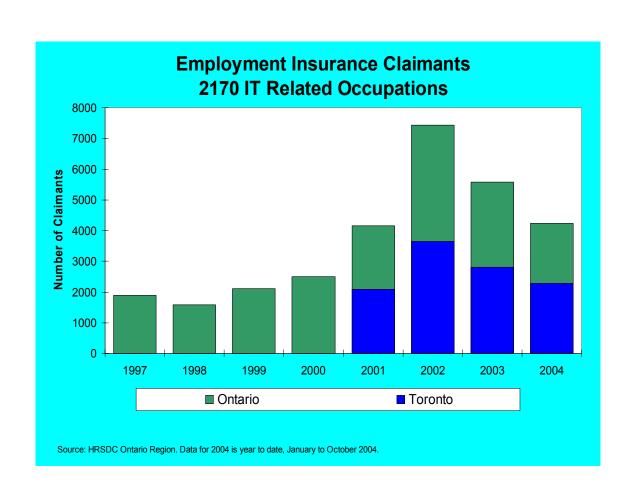
• • Trends in El Data



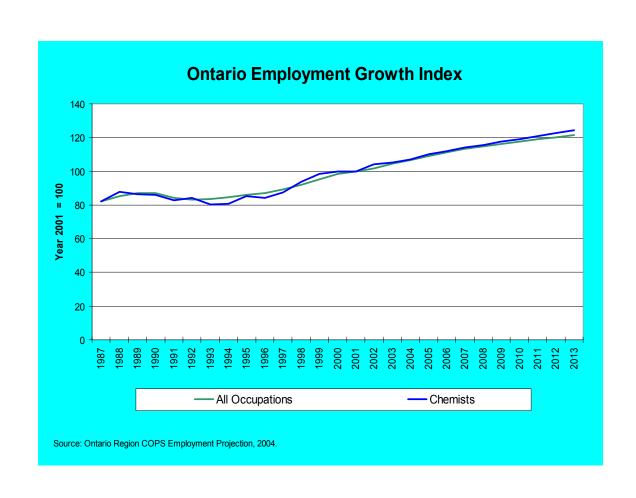
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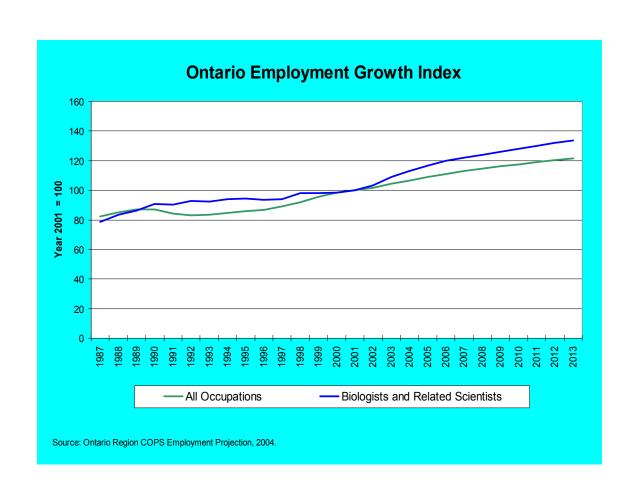
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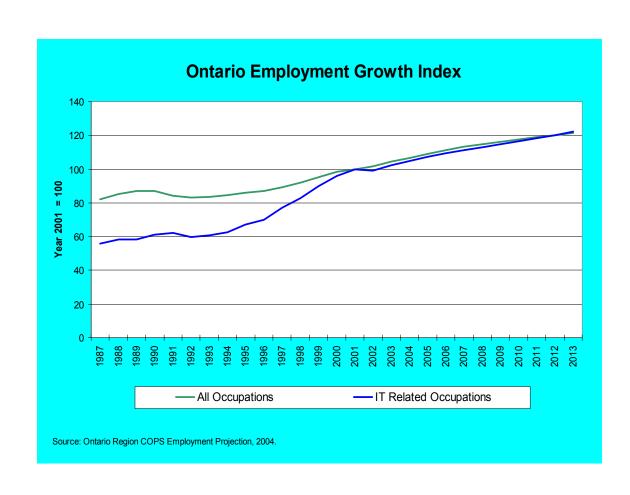
Ontario Growth Projection



Ontario Growth Projection



Ontario Growth Projection



Ontario Job Futures Forecast Growth Rates

High growth

40/ 0 40/

Average growth

1% -2.4%

Low growth

0.9% or less

2.5% or more

Biologists

Average

2.2%

Chemists

Average

1.9%

IT Occupations

Average

1.6 to 1.8%

• • IT and Biotech

- Prolonged rapid growth increases the risk of supply deficits and shortages. This is particularly true for small and new occupations where supply is limited.
- Shocks and rapid adjustment cause can cause sudden surpluses particularly if there has been a large increase in supply capacity
- o IT and Biotech are:
 - Have shared the designation 'emerging sectors' with small companies moving through their growth cycle in an environment of rapid technological change and innovation
 - Significant employers of highly qualified human resources with post-secondary and post-graduate qualifications

• • • In Summary

- Employment growth in both biotech and IT occupations has been rapid since 1991 as small firms expanded
- Biologist and chemist unemployment levels as proxied by EI creeping upward since 2001 but the numbers remain very small
- El claimant levels in IT occupations peaked in 2002 and have been declining gradually although now far above the late 1990s
- Chemists and biologists forecast to grow at or above average all occupations to 2009.
- IT occupations will also grow at more normal rates after relatively flat performance in 2003- 2004

• • For Future Consideration

- Need a commonly accepted industry definition so that discussions can occur based on common concepts around emerging industries
- Need to invest more in relevant, update classification systems that retain time series compatibility
- Need to invest more for useful subprovincial and detailed industry/occupational data- more sample, better estimation techniques



Thank You

Economic Analysis and Information
Ontario Labour Market Information Service
Human Resources and Skills Development